

# ADDENDUM

**This information applies only to the  
PM-1100 Optical Power Meter user guide.**

## GPIB Commands and Queries

- The FORM:READ:DATA? query does not exist.
- The MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:VALUE? query should be defined as follows:

### **MMEMory:ACQuisition:DATA:RECALL:VALUE?**

<b>Description</b>	This query returns the measurement saved in the <data> memory location.
<b>Syntax</b>	MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:VALUE?<space><data>
<b>Parameters</b>	The <data> parameter represents the memory location where measurement data is stored (out of the 1024 available).
<b>Response</b>	Measurement data saved in the specified memory location in the “±999.999E±99” format.
<b>Notes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Use the MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:UNIT? query to get the corresponding measurement units.</li><li>➤ Use the MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:WAVE? query to get the wavelength at which the measurement was taken.</li></ul>
<b>Example</b>	MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:VALUE? 1021

- The MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:WAV? query should be named and defined as follows:

## MMEMORY:ACQuisition:DATA:RECALL:WAVElength?

<b>Description</b>	This query returns the wavelength corresponding to the last value fetched with the MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:VALUE? query.
<b>Syntax</b>	MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:WAVE?
<b>Response</b>	A wavelength in the “9999 nm” format.
<b>Notes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Use the MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:UNIT? query to get the corresponding measurement units.</li><li>➤ Use the MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:WAVE? query to get the wavelength at which the measurement was taken.</li></ul>
<b>Example</b>	MMEM:ACQ:DATA:RECA:WAVE?

- The MMEM:ACQ:SAMP command should be defined as follows:

## MMEMORY:ACQuisition:SAMPles

<b>Description</b>	This command changes the samples parameter for the acquisition setup.
<b>Syntax</b>	MMEM:ACQ:SAMP <space> <samples>
<b>Parameters</b>	The <samples> parameter is the number of samples to be set for the acquisition setup. If an invalid parameter is entered, the closest valid parameter will be entered instead.
<b>Note</b>	<p>The duration of the acquisition directly affects the values that can be set for the number of samples</p> $D \times R = S$ <p>where</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ D = duration parameter set with the MMEM:ACQ:DURA command (in seconds)</li><li>➤ R = any of the possible sampling rates in <math>\text{seconds}^{-1}</math> (get the complete list with the SENS:FREQ:CATA? query)</li><li>➤ S = valid number of samples (MUST be an integer)</li></ul>
<b>Example</b>	MMEM:ACQ:SAMP 200

- The SENS:FREQ:CAT? query should be named and defined as follows:

### **SENSitivity:FREQuency:CATalog?**

**Description** This query returns a list of available sampling rates.

**Syntax** SENS:FREQ:CATA?

**Response** List of available sampling rates in the “40.0;20.0;10.0;5.0;1.0;0.5;0.1” format.

**Example** SENS:FREQ:CATA?

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- The SENS:POW:WAV command should be named and defined as follows:

### **SENSitivity:POWer:WAVElength**

**Description** This command selects a new operating wavelength.

**Syntax** SENS:POW:WAVE<space><numeric\_value> [<space>NM]

**Parameters** The <numeric\_value> is an operating wavelength expressed in nanometers (nm). Any wavelength within the spectral range of the optical detector (at 1 nm resolution) may be selected. See the section on optical specifications in the user guide for the exact spectral range of each detector type.

**Example** SENS:POW:WAVE 1310

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- The SENS:POW:WAV? query should be named and defined as follows:

### **SENSitivity:POWer:WAVElength?**

**Description** This query returns the currently selected calibrated wavelength.

**Syntax** SENS:POW:WAVE?

**Response** The current wavelength in nanometers (nm) in the “9999 nm” format.

**Example** SENS:POW:WAVE?

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- The UNIT:POW command should be named and defined as follows:

## UNIT:POWer

**Description** This command changes the measurement display units.

**Syntax** UNIT:POW<space><units>

**Parameters** The <units> parameter can be

- W: measured value displayed in watts (pw, nw,  $\mu$ w, or mw)
- DBM: measured value displayed in dBm
- DB: measured value displayed in dB relative to the current reference
- DW: measured value displayed in watts relative to the current reference

**Example** UNIT:POW DBM

- The Quick Reference Command Tree should be modified as follows to reflect changes in GPIB commands:

Command					Parameter/ Response	Description	
MMEM	ACQ	DATA	RECA	VALUE?	(0 to 1025)	Get acquired measurement	
				WAVE?	(9999 nm)	Get wavelength	
SENS	FREQ	CATA?			(99.9;99.9;...)	List sampling rates	
	POW	WAVE			<9999> [NM]	Set wavelength	
		WAVE?			(9999 nm)	Get wavelength	
UNIT	POW	<W DB DBM DW>				Set display unit	